



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Asia Pacific GHS Format

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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND COMPANY

Trademark:	CYCOLAC™
Product Code:	INPBMAT - 1000
Product Description:	Poly (acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene) [CASRN 9003-56-9]/Poly (styrene-acrylonitrile) [CASRN 9003-54-7] blend
Product Type:	Commercial Product
Recommended use:	May be used to produce molded or extruded articles or as a component of other industrial products.
Company:	-SABIC Japan LLC. Tokyo Club Building, 2-6 3Chome Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-Ku Tokyo, 100-0013 Japan -SABIC Innovative Plastics (China) Ltd.or SABIC Innovative Plastics International Trading Shanghai Ltd. 2550 Xiupu Road, Pudong New Area, Shanghai 201319, China (Contact address) -SABIC Korea Ltd. 20F, Donghoon Building, 317, Teheran-ro, Seoul, Korea -SABIC Innovative Plastics Singapore Pte Ltd 23, Benoi Road, 629895 Singapore -SABIC Innovative Plastics (Thailand) Co. Ltd 64/22 Moo 4 Tumbol Pluak Daeng, Amphur Pluak Daeng,Rayong 21140 Thailand -SABIC Innovative Plastics India Ltd. Plastics Avenue, P.O. Jawaharnagar,District Vadodara 391320 India -SABIC Taiwan Holding Ltd, Taiwan Branch, Room B,7F,No. 8,Min-Sheng E. Rd. Sec. 3,Taipei City 10480 Taiwan -SABIC Innovative Plastics Hong Kong Limited. Flat/ RM 1701, Tower 1, the Gateway 25 Canton Road, Tsimshatsui, Hong Kong -SABIC Innovative Plastics (Aust.) Pty. Ltd. Suite 14, Building 3, 195 Wellington Road, Clayton, Victoria, Australia 3168
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2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

The additives in this product (if any) are bound in a thermoplastic resin matrix. In accordance with GHS for the classification of the product, the hazard potential may be assessed with respect to the physico-chemical form and/or bioavailability of the individual components in the thermoplastic resin.

Where GHS classifications are shown below, these are based on the individual components in the thermoplastic resin matrix. Under the typical use conditions for the resin, these hazardous components are unlikely to contribute to workplace exposure. Please read the entire safety data sheet and/or consult an EHS professional for a complete understanding.

Globally Harmonized System, UN(GHS) - Classification

GHS Category

Not hazardous Not classified

GHS-Labeling

GHS Labeling not required

Precautionary Statements

No GHS specific Precautionary Statements required - observe all other warnings and handling instructions in this SDS.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:

SABIC Emergency Overview

- Pellets with slight or no odor
- Spilled material may create slipping hazard
- Can burn in a fire creating dense, toxic smoke
- Molten plastic can cause severe thermal burns
- Fumes produced during melt processing may cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation. Severe over-exposure may result in nausea, headache, chills, and fever. See below for additional effects.
- Secondary operations, such as grinding, sanding, or sawing can produce dust which may present an explosion or respiratory hazard.

Other Information:

Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten material. Heating can release hazardous gases. Hazardous fumes can also occur in post-processing operations.

Processing Issues:

Processing vapors may cause irritation to the eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. In cases of severe exposure, nausea and headache can also occur. Grease-like processing vapor condensates on ventilation ductwork, molds, and other surfaces can cause irritation and injury to skin.

Aggravated Medical Conditions:

MEDICAL RESTRICTIONS: There are no known health effects aggravated by exposure to this product. However, certain sensitive individuals and individuals with respiratory impairments may be affected by exposure to components in the processing vapors.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Product Type Mixture

For the full text of the H-statements, if mentioned in this section, see Section 16.

The non-hazardous components and exact percentage (concentration) of the composition have been withheld as a trade secret.

This product consists primarily of high molecular weight polymers which are not expected to be hazardous. The ingredients in this product are present within the polymer matrix and are not expected to be hazardous.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If Inhalation:	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
On skin contact:	Immediately cool the skin by rinsing with cold water after contact with hot material. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.
On contact with eyes:	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
On ingestion:	No hazards which require special first aid measures.
Precautions:	Processing vapors inhalation may be irritating to the respiratory tract. If symptoms are experienced remove victim from the source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and obtain medical advice.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Autoignition Temperature: No information available

Explosive Limits

upper: Not determined
lower: Not determined

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray or "alcohol" foam. Water is the best extinguishing medium. Carbon dioxide and dry chemical are not generally recommended because their lack of cooling capacity may permit re-ignition on larger resin fires (blobs, drools, etc.).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media for Safety Reasons: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Hazards from Combustion Products: Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products, carbon oxides, hydrocarbon fragments, hydrogen cyanide, nitrogen oxides.

Specific Hazards: Take precautionary measures against static discharges. During processing, dust may form explosive mixture in air. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (EU: NEN-EN137).

Exposure hazards: Do not release chemically contaminated water into drains, soil or surface water. Sufficient measures must be taken to retain the water used for extinguishing. Dispose of contaminated water and soil according to local regulations.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: See section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Material should not be released into the environment.

Clean up: Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Do not create a powder cloud by using a brush or compressed air.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices Provide for appropriate exhaust ventilation and dust collection at machinery Avoid dust formation All metal parts of the mixing and processing equipment must be earthed

Storage: Store in closed container in a dry and cool area. Keep away from heat sources and sources of ignition. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible Products: Strong acids, strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits: No components with information, unless noted below

**SABIC Recommended Exposure Limits have been established for certain chemicals.*

Engineering Measures to Reduce Exposure: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Provide for appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery. Processing fume condensate may be a fire hazard and toxic; remove periodically from exhaust hoods, ductwork, and other surfaces using appropriate personal protection.

Hand Protection: Protective gloves should be worn

Eye Protection: Safety glasses with side-shields or chemical goggles. In addition, use full-face shield when cleaning processing vapor condensates from hood, ducts, and other surfaces.

Respiratory Protection: When using this product at elevated temperatures, implement engineering systems, administrative controls or a respiratory protection program (including a respirator approved for protection from organic vapors, acid, gases, and particulate matter) if processing vapors are not adequately controlled or operators experience symptoms of overexposure. If dust or powder are produced from secondary operations such as sawing or grinding, use a respirator approved for protection from dust.

Body Protection: Long sleeved clothing

Hygiene Measures: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Solid
Appearance: Pellets
Color: Same as color code
Odor: None or slight

Melting point/range: This product does not exhibit a sharp melting point but softens gradually over a wide range of temperatures.

Autoignition Temperature: No information available

Vapor Pressure: Negligible

Water Solubility: Insoluble

Evaporation Rate: Negligible

Explosive Limits
upper: Not determined
lower: Not determined

Specific gravity: >1; (water = 1)
VOC content (%): Negligible

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	Not reactive under recommended conditions of handling, storage, processing and use. No information available.
Stability:	Stable under ambient conditions. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to Avoid:	To avoid thermal decomposition, avoid elevated temperatures. Heating can result in the formation of gaseous decomposition products, some of which may be hazardous. Do not exceed melt temperature recommendations in product literature. Purgings of hot material should be collected in small, flat, thin shapes and quenched with water to allow for rapid cooling. Do not allow product to remain in barrel at elevated temperatures for extended periods of time.
Materials to Avoid:	May react with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids or other highly reactive chemicals
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Process vapors under recommended processing conditions may include trace levels of hydrocarbons, styrene, acrylonitrile, acrolein, acetaldehyde, acetophenone, ethyl benzene, cumene, alpha methylstyrene, 4-vinylcyclohexene, phenols.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product Information:
LD50/oral/rat: >5000 mg/kg (estimated)
LD50/dermal/rabbit: >2000 mg/kg estimated

Component Information:
Component Information Text: No data available

Sensitization

Respiratory Sensitization: Not classified

Irritation:

Eye Irritation: no data available
Primary Irritation: Substance does not generally irritate and is only mildly irritating to the skin

Subchronic Toxicity (28 days)

Repeated Oral Toxicity(28d): No information available
Repeated Dermal Toxicity(28d): No Information available
Subchronic Toxicity: No information available

Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity: There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product above de minimus reporting levels, except as specifically mentioned below.

Mutagenic Effects: No data is available on the product itself
Reproductive Toxicity: No information available
Developmental Toxicity: No information available.

Neurological effects: No information available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity(STOT)

Target Organ Effects: Not established.

Aspiration Hazard

Aspiration Hazard Statement: No data available

Other relevant toxicity information

IARC: Not listed
OSHA: Not regulated
NTP: Not tested

Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

Special Studies:

Styrene: A reproduction study in rats exposed to 125 and 250 ppm in drinking water (approximately 14-21 mg/kg/day) produced no treatment-related effects on reproductive performance over 3-generations. The only treatment related findings were reduced pup survival index in the F1 and F2 offspring. There was no evidence of developmental effects and no other effects were reported. The parental NOEL was 250 ppm and the NOEL for the F1 and F2 offspring was 125 ppm. In developmental toxicity studies in rats, rabbits, and hamsters styrene was not a selective toxicant to the fetus and was toxic at only those doses that produced maternal toxicity.

In humans, styrene is associated with central nervous system depression (headache, fatigue, nausea, and dizziness) at inhalation concentrations greater than 50 ppm. Styrene has also been reported to reduce sensory nerve conduction in occupation settings after exposure to 100 ppm or more. Styrene has also been reported to produce color vision deficiencies (dyschromatopsia) at concentrations greater than 8 ppm (averaging 24 ppm). Twelve epidemiology studies have been reported for styrene and half have supported the hypothesis that styrene produces lymphatic and hematopoietic cancers (LHC). However, those that show an increase of LHC has generally been small in size (limited statistical power), have shown no dose-response relationship, and/or had multiple chemical exposures. Of the six studies that have not shown an association with styrene and LHC, these studies tended to be larger in size (higher statistical power), had an older study population, and had good exposure data. Overall, the weight of evidence suggests that there is not an association of LHC and styrene exposure in humans.

In a recent inhalation cancer bioassay, Sprague Dawley derived rats (70/sex/group) were exposed whole body to styrene vapor at 0, 50, 200, 500, or 1000 ppm 6 h/day 5 days/week for 104 weeks. Males exposed to 500 and 1000 ppm and females exposed to 200 ppm and higher gained significantly less weight than the controls. There were no changes of toxicologic significance in hematology, clinical chemistry, urinalysis, or organ weights. Styrene-related non-neoplastic histopathologic changes were confined to the olfactory epithelium of the nasal mucosa. The incidence and severity were related to dose. There was no evidence that styrene exposure caused treatment related increases of any tumor type in males or females or in the number of tumor bearing rats in the exposed groups compared to controls. In 2-year carcinogenicity bioassays conducted by the National Toxicology Program, rats and mice (50/sex/group) received 0, 500, 1000, or 2000 mg/kg/day and 0, 150, or 300 mg/kg/day, respectively, via oral gavage. In male or female rats and female mice there was no significant difference in tumor incidence when compared to the control groups. In male mice there was a positive association between styrene dose and the incidence of the combination of adenomas and carcinomas of the lung. However, due to the high background incidence of this tumor type in male mice, no firm conclusion was drawn for the carcinogenicity. In a study that administered styrene (125 and 250 ppm) in the drinking water of rats for 2 years, there was no evidence of carcinogenicity. In other chronic inhalation toxicity studies, rats were exposed to styrene via inhalation at concentrations up to 300 ppm for 4-6 hours/day, 5 days/week, for 1 year or up to 1000 ppm for 2 years. There was a slightly increased, but not statistically significant, incidence of mammary tumors in the females in both studies. Because the control incidence was also high and there was no dose-response relationship the studies were considered to be negative.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Component Information:

Product Information:

Other information:

Ecological damages are not known or expected under normal use.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation:

Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

Not inherently biodegradable

Not established.

Bioaccumulative Potential:

Bioaccumulation: Not established.

Mobility

Mobility: May be separated mechanically in waste water plants.

Other Adverse Effects

Ecotoxicity Effects: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues / unused products: Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. Descartar em conformidade com as legislação locais.

Contaminated Packaging: Empty containers should be transported/delivered using a registered waste carrier for local recycling or waste disposal.

Waste Disposal: Recycling is encouraged. Landfill or incinerate in accordance with federal, state and local requirements. Collected processing fume condensates and incinerator ash should be tested to determine waste classification.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport Classification: Not regulated as hazardous for shipment, unless noted below, under current transportation guidelines.

IMO / IMDG Not regulated

ICAO Not regulated

IATA-DGR Not regulated

DOT Not regulated

ADR/RID Not regulated

ADR Not regulated

ADN Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories:

TSCA (USA):	Listed
DSL (Canada):	Listed
EINECS/ELINCS (Europe):	Listed
ENCS (Japan):	Listed
IECSC (China):	Listed
KECL (Korea):	Listed
PICCS (Philippines):	Listed
AICS (Australia):	Listed
NZIoC (New Zealand):	Listed

Other Inventory Information:

A "Listed" entry above means all chemical components are on the respective inventory list and/or a qualifying exemption exists for one or more components. A "Not listed" entry above indicates one or more components is restricted from import or manufacture into that country/region. Articles are exempt from registration and are therefore not listed on the national chemical inventories.

SVHC (REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and 453/2010, as amended):

This product does not intentionally contain SVHC chemicals except as noted below. Incidental amounts of impurities, if present, would be below the threshold limit of 0.1% by weight.

SARA (313) Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA):

This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA (311, 312) hazard class:

Acute Health Hazard	N
Chronic Health Hazard	N
Fire Hazard	N
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	N
Reactive Hazard	N

Canada:

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the CPR. Unless noted below, this product is non-controlled. Some classifications may not apply to the entire product.

California Proposition 65:

Components in this product known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive effects, are listed below:

Chemical Name	Weight %	California Proposition 65:
Cumene 98-82-8	≤100 ppm	Type of Toxicity: cancer
Acrylonitrile 107-13-1	≤100 ppm	Type of Toxicity: cancer
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	≤100 ppm	Type of Toxicity: cancer

RoHS EU Directive 2011/65/EU:

The subject product is in compliance with EU RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU. All below chemicals are not employed in the manufacture of the product: a.Cadmium and its compounds, b.Lead and its compounds, c.Mercury and its compounds, d.Hexavalent chromium compounds, e.Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs), f.Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs including Deca-BDE). The trace levels of heavy metals may be present as impurities within threshold limits (<0.1% for Pb, Hg, Cr VI, and <0.01% for Cd). We are disclosing this information, to the best of our knowledge, based upon data from our raw material manufacturers.

**Remarks:**

This product consists primarily of high molecular weight polymers which are not expected to be hazardous. The ingredients in this product are present within the polymer matrix and are not expected to be hazardous.

HMIS Rating

Health: 0

Flammability: 1

Reactivity: 0

16. OTHER INFORMATION

SABIC and brands marked with TM are trademarks of SABIC or its subsidiaries or affiliates.

Visit our public website to search, view and print Safety Data Sheets for commercial products:

<http://eur.sabic-ip.com/ordeur/pages/msds/MSDSSearch.jsp?app=sabic-ip>

SDS Scope:

Singapore: Conforms to Singapore workplace Safety and Health (WSH) Act, WSH Regulations, and GHS Standard 586

China: Conforms to Chinese Regulation on the Control over Safety of Hazardous Chemicals (Decree No 591) and GHS standards GB15258, GB13698, GB/T16483 etc.

Japan: Conforms to Industrial Safety and Health Law (2006) and GHS related Standards JIS Z7253:2012

Korea: Conforms to Industrial Safety & Health Act, Ministry of Labor, Korea

Taiwan: Conforms to Taiwan Rules on Hazard Communication and Labeling of Hazardous Substances, (Council of Labor Affairs, Taiwan) and GHS standards Z1051

Thailand: Conforms to Notification of the Ministry of Industry on the System of Classification and Hazard Communication of Hazardous Substances B.E. 2555 (2012)

Australia: National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets 2nd Edition [NOHSC:2011 (2003)]

This document is also applicable in other countries and regions.

Prepared by:

Product Stewardship & Toxicology

DISCLAIMER: This Safety Data Sheet [SDS] information is provided based on the Hazard Communication Regulations for your region or country and for the use of the persons required to receive this information under those regulations. The information is neither designed nor recommended for any other use or for use by any other person, including for compliance with other laws. SABIC Innovative Plastics does not warrant the suitability for use of this SDS for any other material or product not specifically identified herein. SABIC Innovative Plastics does not warrant the accuracy or authenticity of this SDS unless it has been obtained directly from SABIC Innovative Plastics, or posted or viewed on a SABIC Innovative Plastics website. Modification of this SDS, unless specifically authorized by SABIC Innovative Plastics, is strictly prohibited. This SDS is based on information that is believed to be reliable, but may be subject to change as new information becomes available. Because it is not possible to anticipate all conditions of use, additional safety precautions may be required. Since the use of this material is not under SABIC Innovative Plastics' control, each user is responsible for making its own determination as to the safe and proper handling of this material in its own particular use of this material. SABIC INNOVATIVE PLASTICS MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING AS TO MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Each user should read and understand this information and incorporate it into individual site safety programs as required by applicable hazard communication standards and regulations.

End of Safety Data Sheet